

# THE VICTORIA DAILY STANDARD.

VOLUME 6.

VICTORIA, V. I., THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 5, 1873.

NUMBER 140.

THE DAILY STANDARD  
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A. DeCOSMOS, Editor.

TERMS.

One Year ..... \$10.00  
Six Months ..... 5.00  
Three Months ..... 3.00  
One Week ..... 0.25

WEEKLY STANDARD,  
PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY MORNING.

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AGENTS.

M. F. P. ... San Francisco  
Nov. 20 and 21 Morris ... New York  
G. W. Hodges ... New York  
G. H. Harris ... Cowichan  
J. D. Levy ... Victoria  
Samuel Coffey ... Nanaimo  
W. B. McLean ... Comox  
A. Borow ... Mounts of Queen Charlotte  
J. Johnson, Mail Agent ... Hope to Kootenay  
G. S. ... Esquimalt  
G. Street ... 30 Cornhill, London

Open A Liberal Discount given to Agents.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

COLONIAL HOTEL.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG TO INFORM their patrons at home and abroad that having purchased the

Colonial Hotel and Restaurant

Colonial Hotel and Restaurant

LUCAS & REDON - Proprietors.

Government Street,

VICTORIA, B. C.

may

DRIARD HOUSE.

View Street,

VICTORIA, B. C.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG TO INFORM

their patrons at home and abroad, that having taken the

DRIARD HOUSE

He intends in future to conduct it on the basis of a

first class house, and to make it comfortable as any hotel upon the Pacific Coast. They also wish to state that the very best qualities of

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS

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The Daily Standard.

Thursday, June 8, 1873.

End of the Modoc Rebellion.

The Modoc engagement in yesterday's issue, to the effect that the famous Captain Jack, with two warriors, five squaws, and seven children, had surrendered to the United States forces, and were brought to headquarters as prisoners of war, the good news being received with even greater demonstrations of joy by the troops sent to operate against them, than was manifested on the memorable occasion when the gallant General Lee, after a four years' unequal contest, laid his sword at the feet of Gen. Grant, and sealed the fate of the Southern Confederacy. Of all the wars that have ever been waged in this world, this Modoc will certainly rank among the most ridiculous.

From the beginning to the end of this affair it would appear that the entire strength of the Modoc army did not exceed twenty-five fighting men, while opposed to them there have been about one thousand well organized troops, with four batteries of artillery and a battery of twenty-pound howitzers. In two pitched battles the American troops were worsted and compelled to fall back, leaving Captain Jack and his handful of brave masters of the situation. The ground chosen by Captain Jack upon which to fight out the issue between his people and the United States authorities was well selected, and the boldness with which he entered upon the unequal conflict vindicated the confidence he had in the natural strength of his position and the earnestness with which he was prepared to defend his own rights and those of his people to their homes and hunting grounds against the incursions of the pale-faces.

Had it not been for the base act of cold-blooded treachery perpetrated against Gen. Canby and the Peace Commissioners, the Modocs could have possessed a large share of public sympathy in their hopeless struggle against the superior strength of the United States authorities; but to the majority of the brave and good men they were only fortified all right and wrong sympathy, but especially their own fate. What disposition the American authorities will now make of Capt. Jack and his accomplices, now that they have them in their power, remains to be seen. The Oregonians will no doubt clamor loudly for their blood, but it would seem that the Federal authorities are disposed to treat them not as captured murderers, but as prisoners of war. On the whole, probably that would be the wiser course to pursue. To deal with them as they would with civilized men, would scarcely be doing the fair thing, as they fought for what they conceived to be their individual rights, and staked everything upon the issue; and now that they have been defeated and captured, if a lenient policy be pursued toward them the moral effect of such a course upon the minds of the aborigines generally would likely be very much more salutary than if they should be disposed of at the end of a rope. They will scarcely be let loose upon society again, but what will they do when they are? It has been suggested that Capt. Jack be disengaged in a somewhat similar manner to which Abd-el-Kader was by the French or Schamyl by the Russians, viz., provided with a place of residence for himself and his few retainers befitting their rank and dignity, and a sufficient annual allowance be granted from the Federal treasury for their comfortable maintenance, and there let them pass the remainder of their days in peaceful repose. If the suggestion be worth anything to Uncle Sam, he is welcome to it; at all events we think it would be far better to dispose of the Modocs "as the Moors" than to hang or shoot them. We learn from a contemporary that the history of the Modocs for many years has been one of marauding and bloodshed. So far back as 1851, when emigration to Northern California and Southern Oregon began to be more frequent, they committed many outrages upon the newly arrived settlers in those territories. That the latter in many instances provoked hostilities in undeniable; indeed the red men have been too uniformly looked upon as enemies by the advancing civilization of the country, and the State. It is on record that in 1852 the Modocs were guilty of several of those terrible massacres which form so many dark spots in the early history of pioneer settlements in the West. Large numbers of Eastern men passing through their country toward Oregon were, with women and children, indiscriminately slaughtered. The scene of these massacres extended from Lost River to the eastern point of Tule Lake, a distance of fifteen miles, over the whole of which were afterwards scattered the remains of men, women and children. One end of this track is known to this day as "Bloody Point," for it was here that the greatest number of murders took place. At the border of Tule Lake is a narrow strip of land shut in by a high ledge of rocks, and the Indians, concealing themselves among the latter, would wait until the immigrant trains were completely corralled, as to speak, and then rush out to the attack. An old mountaineer and trapper named Ben Wright, a leathern-jacketed and experienced guide, died and many were killed. The establishment thus inflicted was effectual for a time, for not until 1855 did they repeat their outrages. In this year again went on the war-path, when a militia force was organised under Gen. Crosby, and after some little fighting a treaty of peace was effected which held good until 1864. During this year the Modocs ceded their territory on Lost River to the United States Government, and returned to the Klamath reservation. Captain Jack, being the head of the tribe, went with them. But they were not content to remain, and in 1869 returned to Lost river, where their lawlessness became each year more unbearable. Last October they had exhibited more than usual hostility to the whites, and were running off the stock of the settlers, and had subjected them to a reign of terror, offering many to leave altogether. The settlers petitioned the Government for protection, and the expedition was sent out in the spring of 1872. W. L. Williams, Secretary of the War Department, issued a general order to the effect that the exclusive privilege of supplying the Indians be given to the Klamath Reservation, and that the Indians be compelled to return to the Klamath Reservation; and on Feb. 23d a battle took place, in which the troops were beaten. The Modocs then retired to the lava beds, where they have until recently remained. On their way to this stronghold they are said to have murdered fifteen settlers, and with their subsequent operations against the troops sent to dislodge them, our readers are too familiar to require any detailed narration. It is now at an end the action in those regions, and all that now remains to complete the history of this wonderful Modoc rebellion is the disposition to be made of Captain Jack and those of his followers who are in custody of the United States authorities.

Seven Stars I Sire!—But no longer with fingers weary and worn, For the justly solicited "Clockman Sewing Machine" can be had of the undersigned. This machine has more points of excellence than any other you can name. Its simplicity of construction, durability, cheapness, and manifold other valuable qualities, it stands unequalled. Sold at Canadian prices by Brown & Wurts, new Dry Goods Store, Fort Street. Sole agents for Vancouver Island.

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New Advertisements.

**A** WANTED  
A GENERAL SURVANT in a family residing a short distance from town. Liberal wages given to a suitable servant.  
Apply to  
J. W. WILLIAMS,  
Cur. of Justice and Government Sts.  
Or at this Office.

**PRIVATE  
BOARDING HOUSE!**

FORT STREET, bet. Douglas & Broad Streets. 3  
The above establishment is Conducted by?  
MRS. C. MASON.

BOARD, per WEEK..... 7 50  
BOARD and LODGING, per WEEK..... 7 50  
BEDS..... 1 00  
MEALS..... 1 00  
Every attention paid to the Comforts of Boarders.

JOHN WILSON,

**THE "GARRICK'S HEAD" INN  
BASTION STREET.**

Notice.

PERSONS ARE REQUESTED NOT  
to give credit to Mr. John M. Wark, as no debts  
contracted by him, will be paid by the trustees of Mrs.  
Wark.  
DRAKE & JACKSON,  
Counsel for the Trustees.

**CORONATION DAY**

**A** NDJOURNED MEETING WAS held  
last evening, at the Hotel Victoria, to carry out the celebra-  
tion of Coronation Day, and the meeting adjourned until  
Thursday (to-morrow) Evening, at 8 o'clock to make final arrangements.

**Yale Water Works**

**FOR SALE, THE YALE WATER WORKS**  
at Yale.  
Apply to  
U. T. ROSS,  
Or to  
T. ALLSO & CO.,  
Land Agents, Government St., Victoria.

**Queen Charlotte Coal Mining Company  
Limited.**

**A DIVIDEND OF TEN PER CENT.**  
Will be payable to all the Creditors of the above  
named Company—except Shareholders, on Monday the 10th inst., at the office of Mr. G. F. Hetherington, Lang-  
ley Street, Victoria.

T. H. LONG,  
HENDERSON GASTON.

June 2nd, 1873.

Victoria Gaol Supplies.

**T**HURSDAY WILL BE RECEIVED UP  
at the office of Friday the 9th Inst., of the Police  
Office, for the payment of the supply of the  
following articles of which samples are required.  
The lower or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Handspikes  
Ladder Shirts  
Powers  
Pants  
Woolen Socks  
Frazee Shirts  
Nanaimo Freight Box per pair,  
White Blankets 1/2 point per pair.

Victoria, June 2nd 1873.

John D. Pitts.

APPOINTMENTS.

**PRIVATE SECRETARY'S OFFICE,**  
29th May, 1873.

**T**HE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR has been  
pleased to appoint THOMAS DAVIS,  
Esquire, Attorney and Solicitor in the  
Supreme Court of British Columbia, to be a  
Notary Public.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,  
29th May, 1873.

**H**IS Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor  
has been pleased to place HENRY FAY,  
Esquire, on the Commission of the  
Peace for the Province of British Colum-  
bia.

It is on record that in 1852 the Modocs were  
guilty of several of those terrible massacres  
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## The Daily Standard

Thursday, June 5, 1873.

### CITY COUNCIL.

A meeting of the City Council was held last night. Present: His Worship the Mayor in the chair, and the following Councillors—Gowen, Taylor, Hayward, Keast, Morton and Drummond.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted.

### COMMUNICATIONS.

Permit was granted to H. Passerard for the use of Government street, between Cormorant and Johnson for the erection of a new building.

An application from Charles Pagden applying for an appointment as constable, was received and laid upon the table for further consideration.

A communication from Mr. John Gartineau asking for an advance of \$150 on account of surveys, in the course of execution by him for the corporation was received, and on motion the sum of sixty dollars was voted.

A letter from the late messenger to the Council: Mr. Force—appealing to the board for some consideration at their hands on account of his services were dispensed with, without cause on his part, was on motion received and voted.

With reference to the repairing of Waddington Alley, adjoining the property of Messrs. Lelair and Oliver, their agents informed the Council that in one instance Mr. Waddington had sold the property with an exclusive right to himself of the road way, and in the other that the alley had always been regarded as a public street, and that any repairs necessary would have to be made at the expense of the Council. The communication was on motion laid over for further consideration.

The question was raised as to whether Waddington Alley be a public highway or not, and on motion of Councillor Gowen, seconded by Councillor Drummond, was resolved to take legal advice upon the point.

### CITY WATER WORKS.

Councillor Morton wished to know what progress was being made in respect to the above, he was strongly in favor of a weekly report from the Commissioner. The public were anxious to know all about the construction of the works, and keeping the proceedings private only tended to impress a want of confidence and doubtless to injure the sale of the duty.

Mr. Commissioner Robinson said that he had information, but it would be very rash at present to make the same public, and it would influence compensation to be made.

Councillor Morton quoted at length from the Act, and said that any disputed cases of compensation were to be in all cases referred to arbitration. Disputes should not be allowed to hinder the progress of the work.

The Commissioner said that the Act only permitted a survey of the lands being made—it did not allow any other interference upon property; clearance was not permitted. He gave legal advice upon the question and his motion was voted.

Councillor Taylor said that if the Corporation had not power to remove obstacles to the construction of the works they would never build the works at all, and the sooner they proceeded to pull up dams and other things in the way the better.

Councillor Morton said an arbitrator should most assuredly be appointed at once.

The Commissioner, in reply to a Councillor, said he was prepared to advertise for the necessary water pipes, but that the information to be obtained upon the point was so voluminous that a certain length of time was necessarily consumed for its proper development and wording.

Councillor Gowen said an arbitrator should be appointed at once.

Councillor Keast moved, in accordance with notice of motion, for a committee to be appointed to draw a plan for the division of the city into wards, and also for recommending the number of Councillors for the representation of the same.

Seconded by Councillor Hayward, who thought that the Councillors could be increased to ten in number.

Councillor Gowen said that owing to there being at present but three wards, the number of Councillors must, in a spirit of fairness to them all round, be either two or each three each. He would like to see each ward fully represented, and hoped the Committee would take the question well into consideration and report their recommendations.

Councillor Drummond thought that the tax-paying population should regulate the representation.

The motion was carried, and His Worship appointed Councillors Keast, Hayward, and Morton on the said Committee.

### INDUSTRY.

The Clerk called the attention of the Council to the sale of cattle, not being claimed within the time advertised, and afterwards identified by the owner. On motion, it was resolved to hand over the balance on the sale of the cattle upon proper evidence being given as to the ownership.

### BY-LAW.

The "Street By-Law" was finally passed and ordered to be published in due course.

### THE WATER QUESTION.

Councillor Drummond moved that a Communication be addressed to the Spring Ridge Water Works Company to the effect that in the month of January, 1863, permission was given by the City Council to lay down pipes in the city—when it was expressly stipulated that the Fire Department should be supplied with water free of charge, and such stipulation having been observed up to the present time, it is presumed that the Spring Ridge Water Company were not aware, when they addressed a letter to the Chief Engineer of the V. F. D. stating that a charge of \$250 per month would be made in future—if the existence of the said agreement, and that they will now see the propriety of continuing the supply to the V. F. D. as heretofore; further, that they be informed that in the event of fire, should any damage take place from the short supply of water, they will be held responsible for the same.

Councillor Taylor was inclined to think that the Water Company could "shut down" when they liked.

Councillor Morton thought so too, but the question now was as to the supplying the Fire Department.

Councillor Hayward said that there could be no doubt that the Water Company were bound to supply the Department in perspective, the Council having no right to which the supply to private individuals, etc.

Councillor Morton said that the Water Company differed from the Gas Company in this respect,—Councillor Taylor having placed them on the same footing—the former were bound to supply the Fire Department with water, but the Gas Company were not (Laughter). The motion was then carried unanimously.

### POLICE DEPARTMENT.

His Worship called the attention of the Council to the want of a boat for the City Police. Several cargoes of whiskey had been lost on this account.

Councillor Drummond moved that the Government be applied to for the transfer of the boat used by the police when under the Government; it ought to have been handed over with the rest of the paraphernalia. Carried.

### VIEW STREET DRAIN.

Councillor Gowen wished to know what action the Council were prepared to take in the repair of this drain?

Councillor Hayward said, it certainly wanted repair and must be seen to at once; he would suggest that a new cedar-wood drain be laid, and tenders be invited for the same.

The settlers on the South Arm have presented a petition to the Government for the survey of a road from the Gulf of Georgia to New Westminster. The petition bears numerous signatures, including all the respectable settlers of the locality.

The New Westminster *Guardian* states that settlers are arriving by every steamer to locate in the beautiful valley of the Fraser.

After the New Westminster Council adjourned on Monday evening, the sat at an executive committee on the Semiahmoo road business. The Secretary was instructed to write to the Government urging the prompt commencement of the work.

**POLICE COURT.**—Charley and Annie, Indians, arrested by Constables McEwan and Bloomfield, and charged with being drunk and disorderly, were fined \$5 each, or in default six hours imprisonment.

**DANGEROUS.**—The City Council should repair a broken plank in the centre of James' Bay Bridge, which renders traffic across the same dangerous.

**QUARANTINE.**—The suit brought against the City Council by Mr. Asturio is progressing gaily.

know very well that the Water Co., were only playing a game of "bluff," they would very much like to do something to have a subsidy offered, but he was totally opposed to the proposition. In the course of time the Water Co. would die a natural death, and he would not agree to paying a solitary cent to them for the use of their rotten pipe.

Councillor Gowen could not conceive how the last speakers had thought that his motion had any allusion to the Spring Ridge Water Co., for the very wording of the same said "pure and wholesome." Now they could not, in the name of conscience, give their fluid such a misnomer.

The motion was not seconded and the matter then dropped.

### COMMUNICATIONS.

Permit was granted to H. Passerard for the use of Government street, between Cormorant and Johnson for the erection of a new building.

An application from Charles Pagden applying for an appointment as constable, was received and laid upon the table for further consideration.

A communication from Mr. John Gartineau asking for an advance of \$150 on account of surveys, in the course of execution by him for the corporation was received, and on motion the sum of sixty dollars was voted.

A letter from the late messenger to the Council: Mr. Force—appealing to the board for some consideration at their hands on account of his services were dispensed with, without cause on his part, was on motion received and voted.

With reference to the repairing of Waddington Alley, adjoining the property of Messrs. Lelair and Oliver, their agents informed the Council that in one instance Mr. Waddington had sold the property with an exclusive right to himself of the road way, and in the other that the alley had always been regarded as a public street, and that any repairs necessary would have to be made at the expense of the Council. The communication was on motion laid over for further consideration.

The question was raised as to whether Waddington Alley be a public highway or not, and on motion of Councillor Gowen, seconded by Councillor Drummond, was resolved to take legal advice upon the point.

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The Commissioner said that he had information, but it would be very rash at present to make the same public, and it would influence compensation to be made.

Councillor Morton quoted at length from the Act, and said that any disputed cases of compensation were to be in all cases referred to arbitration. Disputes should not be allowed to hinder the progress of the work.

The Commissioner said that the Act only permitted a survey of the lands being made—it did not allow any other interference upon property; clearance was not permitted. He gave legal advice upon the question and his motion was voted.

Councillor Taylor said that if the Corporation had not power to remove obstacles to the construction of the works they would never build the works at all, and the sooner they proceeded to pull up dams and other things in the way the better.

The strike by the carpenters of this city is at an end.

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## New Advertisements.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,  
VICTORIA, B.C., dated 20th April, 1873.  
To Lieutenant-Governor. Attest the  
receipt of the publication of your correspondence  
to His Excellency, and reply of his Excellency  
to the Lieutenant-Governor, to the Address of the  
Legislative Assembly of British Columbia,  
congratulating His Excellency on his assumption  
of the government of Canada.

By Command,  
JOHN ASH,  
Provincial Secretary.

Secretary of State for the Province to His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia, Victoria.

Ottawa, April 5th, 1873.

Addressing to your Despatch No. 28, of the 5th ult.; I have the honour to transmit to you, herewith, for the information of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, a copy of a letter from the Governor-General's Secretary, covering the reply (also received) of His Excellency the Governor-General to the Address of that Body, congratulating His Excellency on his assumption of the government of Canada.

I have the honour to enclose herein His Excellency the Governor-General's reply to the Address of the Legislative Assembly of British Columbia, and to request you will have the goodness to forward it to the Lieutenant-Governor of that Province.

I have, etc.,  
H. C. FLETCHER.  
(Signed)

Mr. H. C. Fletcher to the Secretary of State for the Province.

Governor-General's Office

Ottawa, April 4th, 1873.

I have the honour to enclose herein His Excellency the Governor-General's reply to the Address of the Legislative Assembly of British Columbia, and to request you will have the goodness to forward it to the Lieutenant-Governor of that Province.

I have, etc.,  
H. C. FLETCHER.

Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia:

In returning to you my sincere thanks for the cordial expression of gratification at my appointment to the Government of the Dominion, extended to me in your Address, I desire to assure you of the sincere pleasure it affords me to witness the proofs of the devoted loyalty to the Throne which are conspicuous throughout the Dominion, no less on the shores of the Pacific than on those of the Atlantic.

I trust that I may, at no distant time, have an opportunity of visiting British Columbia and making myself better acquainted with a portion of the Dominion, soon I hope to be brought into closer connection with the Eastern Provinces.

In the meanwhile I shall watch with deep interest the effect of all measures tending to the development of its resources, feeling sure that your earnest attention will be given to whatever may conduce to render the future of the said country, West of the Rockies, more salutary and comfortable than that which is now entertained regarding it. You may rest assured that no pains will be spared on my part to further as far as lies in my power the material prosperity of the Dominion.

My and my boys' success are encouraged by seeing myself united in these labours with eminent persons, like yourselves, who are devoting their best talents and energies to a noble object.

Yours, &c.,  
Government House, Ottawa.

April 4th, 1873.

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of PUBLIC NOTICE.

SEAL'D TENDERS endorsed "Nanaimo  
and Cedar District Road," will be re-  
ceived by the undersigned up to Noon of  
Monday, the 9th June next, for repairing the  
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